The Standard.

AND RIVER PLATE NEWS

510—SECOND YEAR. BUENOS AYRES, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1863 PRICE—TWO DOLLARS.

MAUA BANK

Calle Cangallo No. 101—103

Interest for the current month

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE

For balances in our favor in account current 15p ☉.

For balances in favor of customers 9 p ☉

In account current, paper money

For balance in our favor 12p. ☉

For balances in favor of customers 8p ☉.

Deposits fo a fixed term in specie or currency, at conventional interest.

Buenos Ayres Sept. 1, 1863.

P. P. MAUA & Co.

William Leslie.

Maua Bank.

Calle Cangallo Nos. 101 & 103.

The offices of this bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in *currency* and *specie* in this Bank.

1st Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

2nd Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

3rd. Accounts-current are opened with merchants or other parties who may prefer, depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.

4th Money is received in *account current* bearing interest from day of deposit which is accumulated in favor of the parties every *three* months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time by means of *cheques* part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency," in which case 48 hours previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

7th Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta. Fé. Salto Oriental, Paysandú, Rio Janeiro and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places of which notice will be given hereafter.

7th Finally the Bank, undertakes & executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 9 A. M. till 4 P. M.

Buenos Ayres, Oct 29 1862.

P. P. *Mauá & Co.*

WILLIAM LESLIE.

CENTRAL COLLEGE.

215—*Calle del Peru*—215.

MR. WERNICKE.

This educational establishment well known among natives and foreign residents of Buenos Ayres and the Provinces, was opened in the year 1852, and is always able through the incessant care and attention of the Director and his well known professors, to give the soundest education to the pupils confided to their management.

The branches most carefully taught are French, English, German, and Arithmetic, and a particular care is given to a good hand writing and geography.

The pupils find everything for their comfort—in the play-yard are every kind of gymnastic apparatus.

s 26 1 m.

Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

MANCHESTER UNITY.

A Branch Lodge (the Flor del Plata, No. 5146) of the above Friendly Society has been established in this City. Any person requiring information relating to the same, can apply to

107, CALLE MORENO.

JOHN J. DOWNING, Secretary.

S 3, 2 m

Old established office FOR MONEY ORDERS.

Wanklyn & Co.

98—calle San Martin—98

NEXT DOOR TO THE BOLSA

The undersigned continue to give bills of exchange payable on demand in England or Ireland for any sum not exceeding £500,

Buenos Aires, 3rd November 862.

WANKLYN & CO

98—CALLE SAN MARTIN—98

n8-x.

THE LONDON BUENOS AYRES & R. PLATE BANK (Limited)

Capital £500,000 Sterling.

Office calle de la Piedad No. 80.

The rates of Interest from 1st Sept, till further notice, will be as follows:

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT.

Charged Specie	15p ☉
do Currency	12p ☉
Allowed Specie	8p ☉
do Currency	6p ☉

DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

On money deposited subject to seven days notice of withdrawal

Specie	9 p ☉
Currency	7 p ☉

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Of not less than Thirty days

In Specie	10 p ☉
In Currency	8 p ☉

Bank **Hours from** 10 a m to 3 30 p m.

Parties desirous of opening accounts with the Bank, are requested to apply to the Manager.

J. H. GREEN. Manager.

Buenos Ayres 31st August 1863.

ALEX. FULTON AND CO.,

English Drapers and Haberdashers, &c,

25 & 27 CALLE DEFENSA

(Next door to Messrs, H. M. Moss and Co.'s Stores)

GENERAL DRAPERY WAREHOUSE

7 Calle San Martin.

TERENCE CURRAN begs respectfully to announce to his Friends and the Public that he has opened a General Drapery Establishment on the above premises, where customers may have the newest and best designs in Dresses, &c., at the lowest possible terms.

T. Curran depends upon the facility he has of procuring his goods from the best English Manufacturers, to offer the Public a well selected Stock, and at prices which cannot fail to give satisfaction.

29th July, 1863. j 31

Seminario Inglés de Belgrano.

Mens sana in corpore sano.

This establishment situated in the pleasant and healthy village of Belgrano, presents to parents the opportunity of affording their children the benefit of pure air, & country exercise, and of pursuing their studies unmolested by the din and bustle of city life, thus combining physical with mental improvement.

All the branches of a sound, practical English education taught, including the Spanish and French languages,

Terms of admission.

Boarders	$400.
Half do	250

For further particulars please apply to the Rev. Mr. William Goodfellow, Cangallo, No, 26; or to the Colegio Anglo Porteño, Maipu 205.

WILLIAM R. FROGGATT. Principal.

s 6 1 m,

ENGLISH

DRAPERY WAREHOUSE

88—Rivadavia—88.

NAPTHA.

An improved article, and an excellent and economical substitute for Linseed Oil and Turpentine, in the mixing of paints, now in general use, and proved to be equally efficacious in all respects

For Sale in Lots to suit purchasers,

E H FOLMAR. and CO

RECONQUISTA 117

Commercial Notice.

The undersigned has the pleasure of announcing to the public in general that he has established a Wholesale and Retail grocery store in calle Belgrano No. 110.

Buenos Ayres, Sept. 15 1863.

ADOLFO DITTBORN.

s15 10 p.

For New York,

"The well known barque "Talisman" daily expected from Montevideo will load for the above port.

Apply to the Consignees

Messrs. Zimmerman Fairs and Co.

or to H A Green and Co, 63 Reconquista

6 p s 16.

Wanted,

A situation as a Steward in an English house. Apply at Mr. Galbraith's store calle Defensa, s18 3p.

Required.

An English teacher in the English Grammar school. Apply at Mr. Pongerard's, calle Larga de Barracas. s17 3p.

Painter and Paper-hanger.

Parties having such work to be done will please apply to the undersigned.

ROBERT HANFA,

CALLE PIEDAD, No, 72, or No. 370.

a 22, 1 m

It can't be Corked Down!

B. FOSTER and SON'S EAST INDIA PALE ALE,

On sale at Messrs Brandt, Sohn and Co., 208 Calle Piedad.

91, s 3, 1 m.

Splendid Establishment.

For Sale, a fine Estancia, containing one league and two thirds of excellent camp, with pasture suitable for sheep, permanent water, Corrals, Ranchos, and an Orange Plantation. It is distant three leagues from the town of Mercedes, near the high road to Corrientes.

There are two puestos of sheep, comprising 1600 to 2,000 head; also 400 horned cattle, and four troops of horses.

The owner will give it on partnership to an Englishman who will purchase part of the stock, and take charge of the estancia, or sell out entirely, allowing part of the purchase-money to lie over on a mortgage, with moderate interest.

Apply 163 Calle Chacabuco.

86, 1 m, s 2

Shipping List

OF

CHAS. W. BENN AND CO.

SHIP BROKERS, &c.

For Antwerp.

Belgian Barque MERCATOR, 3|3 A 11. 647 Tons. Captain Gombeir.

This vessel has nearly all her cargo engaged, but might still take a few dry hides.

Consignees, Chas. Wm. Benn & Co.

Dutch Barque GEPBIENE AELENE, 3|3 A 11, 167 Tons Captain De Vries can engage dry hides and oules.

Consignees—Messrs Boie Bros and Co.

For England.

British Barque GATESHEAD, Tons. Captain

A chartered vessel, and dispatching at Custom house.

Consignees—Messrs. Sassenberg and Co

For further particulars please apply to

Chas. W. Benn & Co.

SHIP BROKERS, &c,

Calle 25 de Mayo, No 49.

BRITISH HOTEL,

96—*Calle Piedad*—96.

Late Restaurant Champion.

The undersigned informs the public that in this new establishment will be found very good and well aired furnished front rooms with balcony.

Good comfortable accommodation for families and single gentlemen at a very moderate price,

Board at $500 per month.

Breakfast and dinner can be sent to private houses to any part of the town, as also orders for cooking pastry, confectionery and all kinds of preserves.

Lunches and Suppers every day.

JOSEPH RIBERA & Co.

s 2 1 m.

Sewing Machines.

Just received, an assortment suitable for all kinds of Manufacturing and Family purposes. They will be sold at more moderate prices than any yet introduced.

CALLE VENEZUELA, 204.

JOHN SHAW.

Auction sale of an Estancia.

BY THOMAS GOWLAND.

The magnificent and well known establishment, called Remedios, in the district of Cañuelas, about 6 or 7 leagues distant from this city, and bordering on the river of Matanzas:

Will be offered for unreserved sale, to the highest bidder, on Monday 28th inst. at the auctioneer's office No. 114 calle, Defensa,

Said Estancia comprises about two square leagues of land all fenced and wired in: It is divided in 6 Lots, each having a brick dwelling-house. Interested parties may see the plans and learn all further particulars at Mr. Gowland's office.

The above is a splendid opportunity for those wishing to invest capital in a lucrative manner, as the whole will be disposed of without reserve.

Each lot will be sold separately.

s 5 20 d.

For Sale,

The first class American ship

"PEPPERELL,"

608 Tons Register.

This fine vessel is made of the very best timber, coppered and copper-fastened, all in perfect condition, and ready to sail for any destined port.

For further particulars apply to the Consignees Zimmerman Fairs & Co..

s16 1w. No 7 calle Bolivar.

DOG-CART.

A bran-new dog-cart, made specially for this country, by the celebrated builders—Seadon and Jones of London.

Apply 83 calle Peru

DRAFTS AT SIGHT ON THE UNION BANK

OF

IRELAND.

ISSUED BY THE

LONDON, BUENOS AYRES AND RIVER PLATE BANK.

Calle de la Piedad No. 80.

Wholesale & Retail GROCERY STORE.

23—CALLE DEFENSA—23.

MOSS & CLAYPOLE,

Respectfully call the attention of Town and Camp consumers to their stocks of selected Teas of superior quality; also all descriptions of groceries at moderate prices. Port and Sherry Wines and Brandies of the best Marks.

Just received a fresh supply of Guinness' Stout and Bass' Ale in pints and quarts.

There is a large assortment of Summer and Winter clothing on hand, also Shirts of different qualities.

R. Sorby's Shears, Twine &c, for Camp Customers.

23—CALLE DEFENSA—23.

s 10 1 m.

MONEY ORDERS.

Drafts on IRELAND are granted by the undersigned, payable on demand at any of the 52 branches of the

NATIONAL BANK.

Drafts are also granted on

Messrs Prescott, Grote & Co Bankers LONDON.

And on *J. Barned & Co, Banker* LIVERPOOL.

Timely application should be made at the office of Mr. Wilson Jacobs, Exchange Broker, No 65 calle San Martin (opposite the Bolsa.

THOMAS B HALL

Rams! Rams!! Rams!!!

Parties requiring Rams of the best breeds and in excellent condition, can obtain same at reasonable prices by applying at the estancia de Santa Elena del Corralito, campo de Pila, partido de Ajó.

The breeds are Rambouillet crossed with Electorales, and Rambouillet crossed with first class mestizas.

Argentine Diligences

139 CALLE RIVADAVIA, 139.

Leaves for Pilar, Capilla del Señor, San Antonio de Areco, and Arrecifes on the 1st, 6th, 11th, 16th, and 26th of each Month.

Leaves Arrecifes for Buenos Ayres, passing by San Antonio de Areco, Capilla del señor, and Pilar on the 4th 9th, 14th, 19th, 24th, and 29th of each Month.

Leaves the Argentine Hotel of Messrs. Dorrego and Montero, in the Capilla del Señor, passing by Pilar, on the 5th, 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th, and 30th of each Month.

	Price of Passage	and Luggage per Arr.
To Pilar	40 dols.	... 10 dols,
" Capilla del Señor ...	70	... 15
" San Antonio de Areco	140	... 20
" Arrecifes	200	... 25

Conductors and Owners,

PAUL AND ROMULO DIAZ.

Commercial.

As partner in an establishment. A person with a small capital and who would attend to the office-keeping, cash, &c., would be preferred Apply H. at this office.

Buenos Ayres, Sept. 11th, 1863.

Auction of House Coal.

Benorino will sell by Auction, at his Remate calle Defensa, a quantity of House coal of first rate quality, on Tuesday 22nd inst.

Panoramic Views of B Ayres

For Sale at Offer's English Photographic Establishment, Calle Cangallo, No. 211.

Visiting Cards and all other Photographic Work done in the best style, and at Reduced Prices.

ROBERT OFFER,

CANGALLO, 211.

s 16

EDUARDO OLTMAM,

Dentista Aleman.

139 calle de Cangallo.

Necesita un official Dentista para los trabajos mecánicos del arte; pero es escusado presentarse sin recommandaciones. s17 3p.

Wanted.

A young man wishes to obtain a situation on an English estancia as Cook, the best of references can be given. Apply M. J, Standard office. s15 6p.

List of Steamers for Sale

No. 1. Iron Steamer, Built 1859. Length over all 117 feet 6 inches, depth 6½ feet, breadth 11 feet, draft 3 feet 3 inches; 30 horse power; tonnage 23. Licenced to carry 364 passengers.

No. 2. Iron Steamer. Saloon cabins; built 1860. Length over all 118 feet 3 inches, breadth 16 feet 6 inches, depth 6 feet, draft 2 feet 6 inches; 40 horse power; tonnage 65. Licenced to carry 315 passengers.

No. 3. Iron Steamer. Saloon Cabins; built 1860. Length over all 93 feet, breadth 16 feet, depth 5 feet 9 inches. draft 2 feet 5 inches; horse power 20; tonnage 44. Licenced to carry 301 passengers

No. 4. Iron Steamer. Built 1861. Length over all 13 feet, breadth 16½ feet, depth 7 feet 3 inches, draft feet horse power 40; tonnage 70. Licenced to carry 482 passengers.

No. 5. Iron Steamer. Saloon Cabins; built 1861. Length 110 feet, breadth 16 feet, depth 6 feet, draft 2½ ft.; horse power 30; tonnage 38. Licenced to carry 379 passengers.

No. 6. Iron Steamer. Built in 1862. Length over all 98 feet, breadth 11 feet, depth 6½ feet, draft 2½ feet. horse power 20; tonnage 31. Licensed to carry 200 passengers.

Of this last Boat we have six similar in every respect.

Apply to SEMPLE, DRYSDALE and CO., 181 Calle Chacabuco. a 1

Table Services.

Just received a large assortment for 12 18, and 24 pesons, with or without gold.

W. DAVENPORT and CO.,

SAN MARTIN 33.

ENGLISH SADDLERY AND HARNESS ESTABLISHMENT.

86—Piedad—86.

Suffern Bros.

PROVINCIAL BANK IRELAND.

Money orders, payable on demand a any market town in Ireland, given by Austin Latham

Apply between the hours of 10 and 4, at 33 calle San Martin.

Henry N Hart, exchange-broker,

GRAND RUSH!!

Ladies and Gentlemen, as you pass Nos 157 and 168 Calle Piedad, do not forget to call and see the new Stencil Plates for marking Linen with indelible ink, an article very neat and useful. Don't forget the place,

157 and 168 PIEDAD.

s 3, 1 m

Wine, Spirits and Tea.

The undersigned begs leave to announce to his Friends and the Public that he has an excellent assortment of Table Wine, both Red and White, likewise some choice Cordials, at very reduced prices, with Groceries of every description, amongst which is Rice Flour, good and cheap.

J. BLUES.

No 16 CALLE CANGALLO.

No 60 Calle 25 DE MAYO,

Ports, Sherries, Brandies

The undersigned have just received, and will always have in stock, a choice selection of the above All superior classes, in quarter casks, octaves, half d , and bottled.

J H PAUL POTT and CO

10, CALLE CHACABUCO.

A 2 x

245 BUEN ORDEN 245.

NOTICE.

The undersigned, VAN DE VELDE HERMANOS, patented by several Governments, respectfully beg to inform the Estancieros and Land Owners, that at their establishment calle del Buen Orden No. 245,

The following articles will be kept ready for Sale or manufactured for order.

Indestructible moveable corrals for cattle,

Moveable corrals for sheep,

Landmarks of all descriptions,

Troughs for sheep and cattle,

Having made a serious and practical study of the above named articles and of the real want of Land owners and sheep farmers, they trust their products will generally be approved, of, as being without exception Strong Durable, easily planted, and transported for a mere nothing.

VAN DE VELDE BROS.

GROCERIES!

Hiberaian House

GENERAL

GROCERY ESTABISHMENT,

78,83,85 CALLE PIEDAD

A large and well-assorted stock of finest Teas, Sugars, Wines, Spirits, Brandies, &c. Ale and Porter of favourite brands, and every article suitable for camp and family use.—All goods delivered in the plazas free, and any article not approved of taken back.—Ready-made Clothing, Irish Frieze, English Hams, Cheese, &c. &c. &c.

Thomas Falton.

Steam-boat, Custom House AND GENERAL AGENCY OFFICE.

Calle Cuyo No 5

The manager of this establishment offers to foreign merchants, Captains of ships persons recently arrived from foreign ports and residents in this city, not conversant with Custom House routine, his service in all that appertains to Custom House business, viz:

Despatching and Clearing out Goods,

Exporting and taking out Guias &c. for the provinces.

Likewise he can furnish store-room to parties requiring it, having most extensive premises, especially adapted for passenger's luggage, being in front of the passenger's landing molo, Paseo Julio.

HENRY DOWSE.

IMPORTANT.

Notice is hereby given, that I have authority Mr George Wilks to act for me as general agent in the collection of passage moneys, due to the British barque La Zingara.

Buenos Ayres, July 16 1863.

George Sanders. Master.

In pursuance of the above notice, I beg to inform all parties indebted to the before named vessel for passage money, that previous to going to the expense of employing an agent to collect in the country, I request the sums due will be remitted to my office, with the least possible delay, in order to avoid the costs and annoyances necessarily attending the collection of such sums before the justice of the peace of the district.

Buenos Ayres, July 18 1863.

George Wilks

No 7 Calle Mayo.

GENERAL.

GROCERY STORE.

PLAZA CONSTITUCION.

The undersigned have the pleasure of announcing to their Friends and the Public that they have opened a Wholesale and Retail Grocery Store situated in the South **Plaza.**

Their Stock, being of the best quality and recently purchased with ready money, they can offer Stores, placed in any of the Plazas, fully as cheap as any wholesale or retail house in the city. They will give their personal attendance to the careful loading and dispatching of Goods, and hope, by strict integrity and promptness in the despatch of orders, to merit the support of all Friends.

A daily Coach runs from the City to our Store, and all the luggage and parcels left at No. 59 Calle Potosi will be forwarded gratis.

A Room is set apart with the daily newspapers, where every information can be obtained respecting the current prices of wools, &c.

JOHN ROSS & CO

Observe—In front of Bell s Timber Yard.

Land Surveyor.

Mr. Fremiot offers his services to foreign estancieros for measuring land making maps, plans etc., all which he compromises himself to do in first rate style and on reasonable terms.

Stud 5 Tucuman

Fresh Butter.

White's celebrated Butter, at reduced prices, received twice a week at

BARRY & WALKER'S.

Sheep Shears.

SORBEY'S genuine marks; also a large assortment of English and American Twine.

We have added to our Clothing Department Corduroy and Moleskin Trousers.

BARRY & WALKER

Hardware Department.

Just received, a large assortment of Spades, Shovels, Hay-forks. &c; also Oven Pots and Tea Kettles, from a medium to an extraordinary size, of superior quality and especially adapted for Camp use

BARRY AND WALKER,

97 CALLE DE LA DEFENSA.

English Clothing Store.

Wholesale and Retail.

80 CANGALLO—80

Just received an ample assortment of Gentlemens Youths and Boys clothing of every description, Stout Tweed and Pilot Cloth Jackets, Vests and Pantaloons Crimean Shirts, Macintosh's India Rubber Coats and Ponchos, &c, &c.

ENGLISH TAILOR

39—*Calle Defensa*—39.

George Ellis, in returning thanks to his friends both in town and camp for their liberal support, begs to notify them that he has just received a new stock of goods direct from, England. Cloths and Tweeds of the very best description.

Garments made to order on the shortest notice, and at the most reasonable terms.

DOUBLOONS.
September 18th.

Ounces sold	16118
Opening price	431
Various dates	4 1½ 434
Saturday, September 19	431½ 434½
At intervals	430½ 434
Closing price	434

STEAMERS SAIL TO-DAY

For Colonia,
The Caaguazu.

Subscription to the Standard
$ 80 PER MONTH.
ADVERTISEMENTS.
Not exceeding six lines, inserted three times for $5.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

Nil desit nudum, nil teri non ... *Cicero.*

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1863.

Bank Returns for August

During the past month, the Bank transactions may be summed up in these few items. Deposits in specie, $258,314, or 15,195 ounces: same in paper currency, $79,594,498, or $185,102 ounces, making a total of 200,297 gold doubloons. Sums withdrawn from Bank—in specie, $207,837, 12,226 ounces: same in paper currency, $66,049,572, or 153,603 ounces, making a total of 165,829 doubloons, or a balance in favour of deposits of 34,468 doubloons. It will be observed that in deposits, paper money forms 93 per cent. of the transactions, and in sums withdrawn it passes a ratio of 92. Hence we may form an idea of how chimerical is every effort to reform our monetary system, that is not based on a foreign loan, since we have only specie enough to answer 7 per cent. of our trade

The heaviest deposits of paper money were on the 1st and 31st ult, which give one-fourth of the total; the lowest were on the 20th, 25th, 26th, and 28th, being little over one million daily. Specie deposits followed no such seeming regularity, ranging from $30,000 on the 31st, to 0 on the 21st, and showing 5 several days under $1,000

The heaviest draughts in paper money were on the 1st and 24th, which amount to one-fifth of the whole: the lowest was the 6th, about 3 quarters of a million. In specie, we remark nearly one-half of the monthly withdrawal took place on the 26th and 28th; the lowest figure being $180 for the 29th. Hence we may conclude, that those who deal in paper money are quite a distinct class from the specie customers, and influenced by wholly different circumstances.

The fluctuations in specie seem to have had some relation with the Bank transactions: thus over 1200 doubloons were deposited on the 5th, and ounces rose 1$: a similar amount was withdrawn on the 7th, and they fell $4. Specie was at its lowest on the 17th (424), and on that day 1600 doubloons were deposited. driving ounces up, next day. $4. On the 26th, nearly 2000 doubloons were withdrawn, and the Boka fell, $1. In the last days of the month the balance was pretty even, yet ounces declined $2, a sum of 3,500 doubloons having been withdrawn on the 28th.

Discounts for the month were, in specie, $690,705, or 40,630 ounces; and in paper money, $65,447,268, together amounting to 192,833 doubloons. In this branch of business it will be seen that specie forms a much higher ratio than in the deposits amounting to 21 per cent of the whole. The great part of discounts consisted in renewals, as the new discounts for August form only 15 per cent in paper money, and 1½ in specie, of the total transactions. The new specie discounts, not exceeding 500 ounces, show that trade is very dull, and the renewals for 40,000 doubloons, are evidence that the low rate of Bank interest makes money very easy. The average discounts daily were $2,500,000 m/c, and 1600 doubloons.

Comparing these data with the returns for February, we find specie deposits last month 5 per cent less and currency do. 18 per cent more. Sums withdrawn in February; specie, exactly 100 per cent more, paper-money 20 per cent less, than last month. This was owing to a run on the Bank, for a regular panic prevailed, and meetings were held at Colon Theatre; the effect being that the Bank treasury found itself minus 8,280 doubloons, at the end of the month, in specie, although having received an accession of 30,000 doubloons in mine. Discounts in February were very high in specie, being 20 per cent over those of August, and all renewals; while the same in paper-currency were 30 per cent less than the returns before us.

During February specie transactions, deposit and withdrawal, were as 13 per cent of the whole, or double the ratio of August. In discounts specie formed 50 per cent of the transactions.

On the whole the returns of August are more satisfactory than those of February, but it is absurd to hope for any serious amelioration so long as the Bank remain on its present footing, the fluctuations of currency continue in so notable a scale, and specie from so small a proportion in the business of the only emission-bank in the republic.

EDITOR'S TABLE.

The Orientals seemed determined to annoy us on Pavon day, and for that purpose despatched the Villa del Salto at twelve o'clock on Wednesday night, with orders to fire a salute of 21 guns in every port she entered. So many lies and stories are circulated respecting the success of this nefarious revolution, that it is difficult to say what to believe; but of one thing there can be no doubt, and that is the total defeat of Goyo Suarez. Medina, immediately after it occurred, sent a courier to Montevideo with the full particulars. Unfortunately the poor courier was caught by Flores near Montevideo, made to dismount, thrown down on the ground, and his throat cut from ear to ear. Flores possessing himself of the facts concerning Suarez's defeat, sat down and penned a letter to his '*dearest Maria*,' which the Tribuna people published. Now the facts are as stated, and the fictitious version published by the National Sub-secretary of State was a tissue of falsehood.

The budget is now nearly passed, but the news of the Chacho's reappearance has disconcerted the Minister's financial dreams. We call attention now to the statements published by the Tribuna some time since, respecting Peñaloza and his wife escaping on one horse into Bolivia, to show what reliance can be placed upon any thing appearing in that paper. The Chacho, we read, has 1100 men, and is about to besiege San Juan.

Several Englishmen complain of our having mooted the possibility of peace between Flores and the Government. They say, and with much reason, that if such took place, it would be holding out a premium to revolution, and one of the worst things that could happen in the country. Better for the peace of the River Plate that Flores should enter sword in hand into Montevideo, and take the place, than that a legally constituted government should make terms with such a set of rascals. There is much truth in this remark, but we feel so much at seeing this beautiful country destroyed, and our fellow countrymen ruined, that we are anxious to see the struggle terminate, no matter how.

Much attention is paid now to our Southern frontier; owing to the drought nearly all native estancieros have been obliged to drive their cattle out there. Immense interests are at stake, therefore, in keeping the Indians back—some of the finest and most fertile lands in South America, are to be found in this direction: cattle fatten and increase wonderfully in these camps. It is, therefore, to be hoped that the Government will adopt some measure for the greater security of life and property in those districts, the Government itself being the principal gainer, as nearly all the lands are public property. If there were any guarantee against the inroads of the savages, hundreds of our farmers would purchase land there and settle down.

There is a very strong feeling entertained by the Custom-house appraisers against the members of Congress, who, it appears, think they should give their services gratuitously. These worthy officials say, 'Why should Congress men be paid, and we not?' Gratuitous services in a young country like this is one of the greatest of all deceptions, for if a public officer is obliged to work without salary, he must fleece the public. We oppose this miserable economy. Every public employee should be well paid and obliged to do his duty.

Sor. Pinero never seems satisfied except when engaged in some polemic. His last encounter has been with a well-known French gentleman named Le Long. 'Bucket' in Bleak House is just such a character as Senator Pinero: he dives into everything, ferrets up old stories, and is constantly employed about other people's affairs. Mr. Le Long smiles graciously at the impertinence of the Argentine legislator. What the real merits of the case are, nobody knows, nor even cares to know. Sr. Pinero's name appearing in the matter is sufficient to secure for Mr. Le Long the sympathies of the public.

Where is Palermo? People will laugh at this question Yet although the place is much frequented and visited by thousands, not one man in the River Plate can say whether Palermo is in Belgrano or Buenos Ayres. The Municipality of the former demand and insist that this fashionable depot is within their jurisdiction. The question is, however, yet undecided, as the Buenos Ayreans are determined to hold it as their own.

One of our colleagues mentions the fact, that the Lees brothers, are returning to Buenos Ayres, and says, 'between ourselves, have we not had enough of the Lees.' When we remember that this same colleague was foremost in trying to get up a subscription for a gold medal for the Lees brothers, we must say that we are surprised at the sudden change of opinion by our colleague. If the Lees brothers come back, we shall be happy to give them a warm welcome, and wish them as crowded houses as before

If there is any subject of which the public is heartily sick, it is the Federal Court question. We have heard so much about it, and read so much about it, and talked so much about it, that we think it would be trespassing on the patience of our subscribers to fill up a column of the Standard with a translation of the law of jurisdiction, suffice it to say that *when* the court is established it will have exclusive jurisdiction over all suits between foreigners, and foreigners and natives, maritime questions, and provincial disputes.

In the Villa Mercedes the greatest preparations are going on to commemorate the patron saint of the town. A grand ball will be given, *carne con cuero, sortija* in the Plaza, and in fact a regular jollification, The Irishmen of the partido have subscribed towards the expenses.

The murderer of Kirby and his peon has not yet been executed. It is rumoured that he will escape with a few years of imprisonment, but we can hardly credit that the provincial executive would lend itself to such business.

Our *Mentira* friends in Calle Victoria are rather disgusted at the sudden change in affairs at the other side. On Thursday the Tribuna office was besieged with subscribers who anxiously looked for a supplement. The mob in New York was nothing to the row in Calle Victoria—carts and carriages were stopped, public transit was impeded, the editors inside began to grow nervous about the fellows outside; one of them was on the point of hurrying to the door to harrangue the multitude when Forster dropped in "A d—l of a mess," says the Doctor, "but stay, stop, hold, I will go out and say a few words on constitutional liberty, custom house depravity, and these despatches I intend to send to Europe by the Keper I will read to the crowd." Here a most interesting scene occurred, the Doctor was embraced on the spot. Our informant states that when the Doctor made his appearance the crowd had scattered, some to the Mole-head, others to the plaza, to read the Reforma supplement, and others to the Bolsa to see how were ounces.

We have received a letter from some indignant Orientals in Colonia, with a request to publish it in Spanish. As it is against our rule to admit anything save auctioneer's advertisements in Spanish, except at the request of some well-known responsible parties, we decline to make room for it except in the mother tongue. It will be found in another column.

Our readers may recollect that about a week ago a certain person was arrested on suspicion, having his horse dressed out with the costly silver ornaments. It appears that the person was no more nor less than an officer of Urquiza's, who is at present stopping in town on business of the greatest importance. As a matter of course he was at once liberated.

NO NEWS FROM MONTEVIDEO.

The non-arrival of steamers from Montevideo is generally received as a very bad sign, and throws serious doubts on the 'Reforma' statement published by us yesterday. Things must look very gloomy when President Berro will not permit passengers to come up, and it is thought the port is now closed to all vessels trading with Buenos Ayres. The Villa Salto reported yesterday, as we are told, that a heavy firing was going on when she left, and that the steamers did not come, as such was the general excitement that no passengers ventured to embark.

Nevertheless arrivals were anxiously looked for yesterday, as the officer of the Oriental war-steamer stated that one of the packet-boats was to leave on Thursday night. Another unlucky circumstance is the return of the Union battalion to the capital, for the alleged reason "that Moreno found his forces too numerous." This, in sight of a formidable enemy every moment threatening battle, is so like a Tribuna sophism that we can only laugh at it. We have undoubted testimony that Moreno's deserters infest the Rio Negro camps, to the danger of peaceable foreigners; so that his army must either need reinforcement than reduction.

We pay no heed to the rumours that Moreno is killed, and Flores besieging the town, since these are but flattering surmises of the Colorados here. Meantime, it is strange Medina does not seek either to join Moreno, or take Flores in flank, as the former has received a supply of fresh horses from Entre Rios. It is not credible that Flores has cut off Moreno's communication with the city, as he would thus rather run the chance of getting hemmed in, than of seizing Montevideo. The filibusters, being almost all cavalry, can do nothing against simple street barricades, defended by handfuls of infantry; and Flores' game is either to overawe the Government, come to an arrangement, or make a bold onslaught on Moreno, defeating whom, he has no fears of Medina, and could count on a re-action among the National Guard of the capital, who would, either from affection or fear, give him a free entrance He has at last crossed the Rubicon, by coming up with his great antagonist, Lucas Moreno, and nothing but a pitched battle can solve the problem. The result will be, in either event, decisive.

THE URUGUAY MAILS.

The 'Guardia Nacional" of Paysandu (13th) boasts that Entre-Rios sends, every day, bands of volunteers to aid the Oriental Government, and ridicules the hermaphrodite Government of Buenos Ayres, challenging President Mitre to send his ten steamers and 10,000 heroes under Paunero across the Paraná, and promising to receive them with grape and canister. The victory of Medina's vanguard over Goyo Suarez, at Salsipuedes, was complete. The combatants were each 500 in number, and the rebels were annihilated, losing 100 killed and 300 prisoners: among the former was Saldaña's corps of Buenos Aytean recruits.

Colonel Silvester Hernandez, of Santa Fe, arrived from Entre Rios, on the 11th, with a body of officers and men who have volunteered to fight against Flores. Several bands of anti-Florista filibusters were crossing the Parana, to join Medina. The 'Pueblo' states that seven adventurers had returned to Gualeguaychu, having been cheated by the Oriental agents, who made them great offers, and would then give them nothing.

The Pampero arrived, on the 12th, at Paysandu, having on board the noted Colerado, D. Fermin Murriando. Colonel Lenguas and Captain Torquatus Gonsalez. with the Salto rifle corps, have gone to Montevideo. Colonel Villasboas is organising all the military forces of Paysandu, where the Colerado party is said to be strongest. On the 11th several fugitives (including General Freire's son) belonging to Goyo Suarez' late army, passed towards the frontier, in hasty retreat from Salsipuedes.

The Spanish war-sloop, Vencedora, gave a dramatic entertainment to the town-folk of Paysandu on Friday. The performances were got up by the officers and crew, in first-rate style.

The Municipality of Paysandu invite the public to sow cotton, this being the proper time: they give seed gratis.

Latest of Importance.

General Mitre, it is rumoured, has offered a force of 500 men to President Berro, to garrison Montevideo, conjointly with the 500 European troops now landed there, until the next elections. We expect the latter will decline the Grecian offer..

The Libertad, on leaving on Thursday evening, had orders to return forthwith, in case the port were closed. She should therefore have returned last night. It is said the reason of stopping the steamers is, that the Oriental Government learned an expedition of 400 youths was preparing to leave Buenos Ayres, and the object is to prevent their knowing his whereabouts or condition.

The regiment despatched from Rosario to Cordova has been recalled, to guard against a revolution in Santa Fe. We are told that a Rosario merchant has stated the tranquillity of that city depends on the recognition of the national debt.

An English gunboat has gone from Fray Bentos towards Salto, with the supposed object of watching the suspicious movements of the Argentine war vessels. General Francia is in Montevideo, about to take up arms for the Government, although an Argentine officer, being an Oriental by birth. General Ignacio Orive is President of the Military Council.

Colonel Borges, and 40 others, have deserted from Flores, and arrived at Paysandu Colonel Ran lately captured 13 filibusters and 200 horses

Three rebel officers and 15 soldiers have surrendered, *motu propio*, at Paysandu.

Assamoya has collected 600 horses for the Government troops. A fellow named Valapanda, who had escaped from prison, has been retaken, and is about to be shot for two murders.

BANDA ORIENTAL.

Terrific Storm.

Great Loss of Sheep.

The Santa Rosa storm which visited us last week, we regret to say, has caused frightful losses amongst the estancieros of the Banda Oriental. We learn from a German estanciero that such a storm was never before known in the Banda Oriental. On our informant's estancia over 4000 sheep perished. On an Englishman's estancia near Colonia, 2000 died in the storm: nor were the losses confined to sheep alone; cows, horses, and bullocks also perished. One foreigner lost six tame bullocks, another as many milch cows, and as for mares and horses, they ran before the storm over almost the whole territory of the republic.

We saw a letter from a German estanciero, who, like ourselves, is neither blanco nor colorado, but opposes the Flores revolution on principle, in which he says that there are a great number of runaways of late—that the rumour about his place (Los Vacas) is that Moreno and Flores have fought, and that the former is badly wounded, It is surmised that Moreno's cavalry were something of the Pavon and Cepeda stamp, and fled on the first attack: but Moreno, like Mitre, held his ground with his infantry, and ultimately routed Flores and Co.

The fact that no steamer arrived here yesterday morning from Montevideo makes many believe that the news by the Villa del Salto is exaggerated. We hardly know what to think of the whole affair.

Latest from Rosario.

We have received the following, in a private letter, dated 16th inst. News from the Interior is very serious: the military authorities here are in a ferment The troops are kept in barracks, and there are evidently grave fears emanating from both sides of the river.

FLORIST RECRUITS.

To the Editors of the 'Standard.'

Gentlemen,

Do us the favour to publish in English the following lines, in answer to a paragraph which appeared the other day in the 'Tribuna,' relative to the [ejercito preñado] army of General Medina, and in answer, state to these *babblers*, that Medina has made Flores give birth to a defeat.

In the camps of Pereira, over 500 rebels were either killed, wounded, or dispersed. Medina's lesson to Flores we dedicate to the Varelas, who have proved themselves the friends of filibusters and revolutionists, in order that they may follow on in enlisting and sending over a set of raw recruits to the shores of the Banda Oriental to augment the forces of the rebels

But let them beware of the risk they run, and the inevitable fate which they will meet.

We are yours, &c.,
THE NATIONAL GUARDS OF COLONIA.

September 17, 1863.

Lancashire Relief Fund.

List of subscriptions received by Mr. William Cooper, in the district of Ensanada, in aid of the above fund:—

Mr. William Cooper	$200
John Mahon	100
Thomas Mahon	100
Michael Hussey	100
Thomas Mahon	50
Thomas Dinigan	30
John Dinigan	50
Charles Turner	20
John Jackson	20
Matthew Jackson	20
John Scully	50
	$640

Buenos Ayres, Aug. 14, 1863.

The Suez Canal Company.

(Continued.)

The second scheme undertaken by the company is independent of the first, and though called a "fresh water canal," is, more strictly speaking, only an aqueduct. It is not intended to be navigable as the term canal generally implies in England. It is better described as a large trench or cutting, for the purpose of conveying the water of the Nile from Cairo northward, curving to the east, through a track of land "purchased by the company," to Lake Timsah, before mentioned, and then southward to Suez. At present all the fresh water to be obtained at Suez is brought from Cairo by the railway. Large trains conveying iron tanks filled from the river, are constantly passing along the line that conveys the passengers by the overland route, from sea to sea. The whole line of the proposed Ship Canal, from Suez to Port Said, runs either by the two salt water lakes on the isthmus, the wide expanse of Lake Menzaleh on the sea coast, or through the Desert, "a barren land where no water is." Labour is impossible without a certain and abundant supply of this element, for the want of which travellers in similar arid regions have often perished. This aqueduct is, therefore, a work of necessity, if the larger undertaking is to be carried out. It will be employed to irrigate such portions of the soil through which it passes as may be worth cultivating; and of this secondary purpose a beginning seems to have been made.

My Companion in Lodgings.

I have the misfortune to have a volunteer for my companion in lodgings. Thompson (for this is his name) only joined the 121st D.R.V. about three weeks ago; and he is the most awfully patriotic, whatever he may be when the French come. We have only a sitting-room and a small bedroom between us, and Thompson keeps them in perfect confusion. He goes out to drill morning and night, and when he is not out, he is cleaning away at that rifle of his, and snapping percussion caps at me, on the supposition that I am an enemy; and then he paces up and down the room, giving himself the word of command.

He has to be on the drill-ground every morning at seven o'clock, and about six I generally hear him scramble out of bed, muttering about having slept in; and then standing on one leg to get the other into his trousers, he falls over in his hurry, and takes the chair with him. Then comes an awful blowing and puffing (for Thompson is rather corpulent), as he wriggles himself into his uniform; and after this task has been accomplished, he has to clean his rifle again, though it was the last thing he was at the night before. I hear the ramrod rattling inside the barrel, and the click-click of the trigger; then he roars out to me if I know anything about the woollen rag he rubs up his brass with I groan out a surly "No," and Thompson goes about turning everything topsy turvy. At about a quarter to seven (it takes him ten minutes to go to the drill ground), he rushes out in haste, and slams the door behind him.

Almost immediately after, as it seems to me, I hear my landlady at the bedroom door for she always raps me up at half past seven. I bawl out "All right," to pacify her, and then I take nap for twenty minutes longer. I have just got myself dressed and ready for breakfast, when in comes Thompson; and without even looking at me, far less speaking to me, he rushes past into the bedroom, and goes through the laborious operation of getting himself into his plain clothes. After that he has to rub up his rifle again; and by the time he is through, it is a quarter to nine. I have got my breakfast; and Thompson has only the quarter to take his, and run to his office. Much as I am disturbed in the morning, I have even less peace in the evening When Thompson comes in, he only takes about five minutes to his dinner, though he has read Dr Combe's "Principles of Physiology and Digestion" six times. I have always been remarkable for a good temper, but Thompson would try the temper of any one.

If there is one thing I like to enjoy in particular, it is my dinner; but who could take his dinner in comfort with a fellow stamping about beside him; roaring out to himself as if he was giving the word of command to a corps half a mile distant; making a frightful clattering with his ramrod and bayonet; drawing himself up into every conceivable position: becoming dreadfully excited, and going double quick; snapping his gun at the picture of our landlady's minister, which hangs above the mantlepiece—in short going on like a lunatic.

But Saturday afternoon crowns the whole. At about twenty minutes to two the doorbell rings with terrific violence, and Thompson rushes in, nearly knocking over Mrs. Gray—honest woman—in the passage. Then he casts off his coat, and seizes his rifle, saying that he has not a moment to lose, for he has to be on the drill ground at half past four. He bolts his dinner as usual, and then he proceeds to get himself ready, making such a kick up in the process, that in perfect despair I seize my hat and go to the door for peace. I take a stroll in the park, and on returning a little after four, I meet Thompson hurrying along, and making most awkward shuffles in trying to keep step with everybody. He gives me a military-looking bend of the head as he passes, and I come away to my lodgings to enjoy an hour or two's respite. Thompson comes in again about seven o'clock, and disturbs his own peace and mine until ten.

I must confess, however, that he does sometimes get tired; for on Sabbath morning, he has great difficulty in getting, or, rather, I have great difficulty in getting him, out of bed. I cry to him five or six times between nine and ten o'clock, and generally get a grumble in reply. When its nearing ten, however, I go to the bedside, and a conversation something like the following takes place:—

"Thompson, do you know what o'clock it is?"

"'Tention!"

"It only wants a quarter to ten."

"Fix bayonets!"

"If you don't rise, I'll order breakfast."

"Order arms!"

"Do you think I am going to stand and cry to you all the morning?"

"Stand at ease!"

"Well, I'll just go away to church myself."

"Right—wheel!"

Irritated at his obstinacy, I bawl into his ear, "Eyes front!" and he awakes with these organs blinking in astonishment. I must pity him on Sabbath, he looks so knocked up; but on Monday morning again—Excuse me, my dear readers, that's Thompson's ring.—"The Key."

On the Prospects of Cotton Cultivation in the Argentine Republic.

By Thomas J. Hutchinson, F.R.G.S &c., H. B. M's Consul at Rosario.

(Continued).

Before the British capitalist would turn his attention to cotton cultivation in th Argentine territories, it might be well to weigh seriously the following considera tions:

1st. Capacity of the soil for the production of a fibre equal to that which used to come from the United States.

2nd. Availability of labour for its cultivation.

3rd. Comparative cost of labour where such exists, with that of the Slave States of North America.

4th. Facilities, and probable expence of transit to river ports, for conveyance to England.

On the first point I may afford some information by recording that specimens sent by me to Liverpool last year, to Messrs. Stolterfoht, Sons, and Co., where reported at the following estimates:

Specimen	per lb.
from Catamarca......	1s. 8d. to 1s. 10d
Cordoba.......	1s. 0d. to 1s. 1½d
Santa Fé......	1s. 2d. to 1s. 3d.
Entre Rios.....	1s. 6d. to 1s. 8d
Tucuman......	1s. 3d to 1s. 6d.

This, too, with the observation, "It is probable a higher value would be set if the samples were larger." As yet none of the of the Santiago cotton has been sent to to England by me; but there is a sample accompanying this report that was given to me by Governor D. Manuel Taboada, and of the quality whereof His Excellency desires information.

On the matter of labour, I have already explained that, in the province of Santiago de Estero, labour can be had for fourpence halfpenny a day, and the support of a labourer for the same sum. If it be inquired what sort of work it is, I can reply that I have seen half-a-dozen men at the house of Commandante Herrera, at Gramilla, working at a screw press in packing wool, from daybreak till sundown without any stoppage, except at their meal times— and working, too, with as much spirit and energy as I have seen cotton porters toil in Liverpool.

In the north western part of South America—in the Republic of Ecuador—a company has been organised for the cultivation of cotton, and the following are stated the bases of its calculations: "Ninety-six acres can be cultivated by eight men, whose wages, at the rate of 7 reals or 3s. per day for each man, will cost in the year 364*l.* sterling; seed and implements of husbandry for 96 acres, 80*l.*; and cost of land at 1s. per acre, 4*l.* 16s., which will a mounth in all to 459*l.* 16s. per annum. Now the product of 96 acres, at 600 lbs per acre, will have 144 bales of cotton of 400 lbs. each, which, at the rate of 4d per pound, will give 960*l.* sterling, leaving a net profit of 500*l.* sterling—*i.e.*—110 per cent"

Why, without going through every item, it may be calculated that food and wages for eight men in the province of Santiago would cost only at the rate of 100*l.* 10s. per year, or less than one-third of what it is computed at Ecuador. That land can be bought in perpetuity in this province for 10 dollars, or thirty shillings a square league, containing 5,700 acres, and that as the cotton is more likely to be of an average value—even in normal times—of 8d. than 4d. per lb., the profit of a crop in Santiago may be estimated as four times greater than that of Ecuador, thus proving what Mr. Richard Hughes, of Monte Video, wrote to me last July:— "The cost of land and cultivation of cotton in the Argentine provinces, under proper directions, would be less than that invested in the United States on those identical items.

The question of bringing cotton from the interior provinces to places of shipment near the river might, on a superficial view, be considered an insuperable obstacle to the successful cultivation of the plant up here, particularly when considering what I have already stated of the cost and time expended from these places to Rosario. Of North America Mr. Haywood writes:—"The cost of conveying a bale of 400 to 500lbs. of cotton a distance of a thousand miles upon the Mississipi has been as low as one dollar, and ranges from that sum to a dollar and a half, or 6s. 3d

Well, the River Plate-Parana is navigable for steamers for beyond two thousand miles [including with it the Paraguay] The Salado navigation is about to be completed. There are the litoral provinces of Buenos Ayres, Entre Rios, Santa Fé, and Corrientes [bordering this noble river for more than a thousand miles of its course; and here, likewise, are these islands, about which I wrote to Earl Russell in my first communication from this country on the subject of cotton, and which still seem to me of sufficient importance to report what I said about them before: That between the mouth of the river Plate and the city of Corrientes near to which the rivers Parana and Paraguay form a confluence, there is a network of islands calculated at a rough estimate to possess an aggregate of from 200 to 300 square leagues, or from 2,000 to 3,000 square miles. This is independent of the islands in the River Uruguay which is likewise one of the affluents into the Plate; in fact the total islands of these rivers may be said to have from 3,000 to 4,000 square miles of *terra firma.*

MISCELLANY.

MR. BEWICKE'S CASE—Mr. Berkeley came forward on Tuesday night to pour oil and wine into the wounds of one who had fallen among thieves; but, as the Government held the bottle, and the House of Commons would not force it to relax its grip, he did not succeed. He, however, exposed a frightful wrong, and sent the tale through the land on the wings of a hundred thousand broadsheets; and it is to be hoped when he again, next session, appeals to the House, he will meet with more success. The tale, as short as I can make it, is this:—Mr William Bewicke, of Thrupwood-hall in the county of Northumberland, was charged with feloniously shooting one of four bailiffs' followers [one a ticket-of leave man], who had come to levy a distress on his goods. He was tried and, on the evidence of these four bailiff's followers, who swore that they found a bullet which came from the pistol on the premises, convicted and sentenced to four years' penal servitude. Ultimately, three of these wretches were tried and convicted, and sentenced to various punishments—one for taking a bullet on to the premises to be picked up, the other two for perjury. The fourth turned Queen's evidence. After this Mr Bewicke was pardoned. But meanwhile all his property had been seized and sold by the Commissioners of Greenwich Hospital who, it seems, are Lords of convicted felons. The Commissioners returned him, however, £430, the produce of the sale, minus £50 expenses. The property was confessedly worth four times that sum. Mr. Bewiche threatened an action, but he was told that, as a convicted felon when the goods were seized, he had no "locus standi." The motion made by Mr Berkeley was opposed by Sir George Grey. It was powerfully supported by Sir Fitzroy Kelly, who was met by the Solicitor General with this curious answer:—"There are more cases of this kind than are generally supposed; and if compensation were awarded they would materially add to the public expenses." Shame, everlasting shame, that such an answer should be heard in the British Parliament. The motion was defeated by 22 to 20. In half an hour more it would probably have secured a majority. But, though numbers were against Mr. Bewicke, weight was in his favour; for his 20 opponents were Ministers and their hangers on, Mr. Bewicke suffered imprisonment for eighteen months. He came out of gaol a ruined man.—"Illustrated Times

LED THE LIFE OF A DOG.—A common saying to express harsh usage is that the complaining party is "led the life of a dog." But of what kind of a dog is left to the imagination. Whether allusion is made to the dog of a tinker, the pampered pet of a woman of rank, or the vagrant cur without either home or master, getting more kicks than mouthfuls, is never mentioned. It, however, is to be supposed that allusion is made to the last unfortunate animal; it cannot be the tinker's faithful friend and travelling companion, and assuredly is not the canine protege, of her grace, or her ladyship, Nothing living leads so luxurious a life as some dogs, and happiness in canine existence is an exception to the general rule Salutary moral lessons can be learned from the study of dogs. Some of them occasionally pine and and die from grief at the loss of their masters; but the dog's domestic afflictions, though sometimes great—for instance, by the destruction of their newly born progeny in their presence by drowning in a bucket or in a horse pond are but temporary; besides they have no bills to pay—a great desideratum. Like human beings, they become diseased from a too artificial state of living, particularly too generous a diet and want of exercises They are subject to rheumatism and occasionally gout. At one time I had an assistant, now some years dead, a fellow of surprising wit and shrewdness. By attending my lectures at the Royal Dublin Society, he became familiar with many facts connected with the diseases of animals. I had been in frequent attendance on a very beautiful skye terrier dog, belonging to the late Countess of Cardigan. The animal had been overfed and not sufficiently exercised, I prescribing low diet and aperient medecine. Though I was prescribing for months he got worse instead of better. At last he refused to eat and scarcely breathe, continually panting in the most distressing manner. While I was away from town this dog was sent to my Veterinary Establishment. My assistant urged that the animal should be left, declaring that to be the only chance of his recovery. He was accordingly placed in hospital and cured completely to the satisfaction of his owner. But how?—certainly in a way that would justify a person's repugnance to being "led the life of a dog" similarly circumstanced. The poor brute was chained up in an out of the way part of the establishment, so that in case I returned I might not see him and left with nothing but some water, without a morsel of food for an entire week; at the expiration of which he was sent to his mistress, and to her great delight with so improved an apetite that he greedily bolted stale day bread, or anything else eatable that he could procure; but he subsequently led the life of a dog of the upper ten thousand—the justly envied of many a human being of the interiorly classed millions. Many human beings would be benefitted by a modification of similar treatment, greatly to the disadvantage of their physician's emoluments.—Professor Ferguson. *Veterinary Surgeon to the Queen in Ireland "on dogs."*

HORACE GREELEY.— This celebrated New York abolitionist is at present hiding from the fury of a New York mob. Some fifty rowdies went all over the city looking for him with the determination of hanging him on of the nearest lampost.

LOCAL EVENTS.

COLONIA.—We hear there is at present an English man-of-war lying off Colonia.

STOP MY FRIEND.—When the officer of the Villa del Salto came on shore he handed to a few friends the bulletin of the 'Reforma.' The indefatigable Captain of the Port, who had rather distinct idea of the late *emeute* in New York, and knew the feeling of the Mole mob, requested the officer to stop circulating such papers as might give rise to a row.

FOREIGN VOTERS.—The native papers are full of notices to foreigners who wish to vote at municipal elections, to present themselves *without delay*.

COTTON GIN.—The well known and enterprising engineer, Mr. Hardy, has undertaken the job of putting our gin in working order, by affixing a band and fly-wheel.

COTTON SEED.—Parties requiring small quantities of this valuable commodity will be supplied *gratis*: those who require large supplies are charged $62½ per arroba.

THE WEATHER.—Yesterday was a wet damp day, unpleasant in town, but glorious weather for our friends in the camp. It is extraordinary how even to this day many parts of the camp are as dry as ever. A farmer from the Guardia Monte, and another from Lobos assure us that one could count the drops of rain which have fallen since the 1st of January last.

NEW HAT—People who want to see something very stylish in the way of hats should drop into the Bolsa and see the porter's *new cawbeen*. It is one of the most extraordinary head-coverings that ever was seen in Buenos Ayres. We hear that the Chief has taken such a liking to it that he has ordered the vigilantes to supply themselve immediately with a similar hat, as it is thought it will appear more becoming than the brass cap.

FRENCH PAPER—We regret to learn that another daily French paper is to appear to-day in opposition to 'Le Progres.' Each foreign community should have its organ, but two cannot subsist. We, therefore, hope that our French friends, who have been four years without a paper, will stand by the 'Progres,' and give it the undivided support which its character and principles deserve.

LETTERS.

The following letters are lying at the Standard office.

Mr. John Butler 2
Mr Bryan Newman
Mr John Dinnegan
Mr Patrick O'Brien
E. H.
Geo. W.

ON 'CHANGE.

Sept. 18.

Ounces opened at 431, with a decided upward tendency; at twelve they were 432½; at One o'clock, 433; at two o'clock closed at 433½, buyers. Cash sales, 3510

TIME SALES.

Saturday	100	431½
do	50	432
do	100	43¼
do	200	433
do	200	433½
do	100	433
do	2350	4 2½
do	200	433
do	500	434
do	100	434½
Sept. 30	500	43¼
do	300	431
do	250	432
do	500	432½
do	500	432
do	100	433
do	300	433½
do	300	433
do	900	432½
do	300	432
do	655	433
do	800	423½
do	200	434
Sept. 26	200	43½
Oct. 20	300	431½
Sept. 30	280	432½
do do	350	431½
400 oz. in foreign coin		429½
273 do do do		430
Total oz. sold		16,118

The news from the provinces drove ounces up to-day. It was said on the Bolsa that things are not all very serene in Rosario, and that the National Government has received important despatches.

All sorts of rumours were current to day respecting Flores. A few ultramontane colorados had it that Don Venancio had taken Montevideo, and had sent up a special chasque to Colonia; others that Moreno was severely wounded, but, of course, no one paid attention to such *bolas*.

Owing to the state of the weather, no business whatever was done in the Plaza, but a good deal of produce was sold on the Bolsa.

There is a rumour of a house in Rosario having failed, but we have been unable to discover the name of the house, or even the source of the rumour.

The capital of the Boca Railway has been all subscribed for, and the company formed. Mr. Wheelwright has written out, stating his intention to return in December next. He will bring with him an engineer to dredge the port of Ensenada. It affords us the greatest pleasure to hear such cheering news of the Boca Railway.

We understand that the whole of the stock was subscribed for by Mr Wheelwright's personal friends. Respecting the Cordova Railway, we hear not the most favourable news owing to the Chacho and Flores; the season is also against Mr. Wheelwright as the principal capitalists are absent from town, and will not return before October.

Messrs. Davenport and others, of London, have sent in a proposal to the Municipality for supplying the city with water, the aggregate cost to be £90,000. The scheme, proposal, and specifications have been laid before the Board, and will shortly be published.

Considerable anxiety is felt about the Sicilia and La Plata, neither of which have arrived. It is said that the former sailed on the 7th.

A whale-boat will be sent off tomorrow to Montevideo by the enterprising boat proprietor, Mr. George Kean. She will take a supplemental mail for the Kepler.

PRODUCE SALES.

100 cow hides, mixed		$110
150 doz sheepskins, fine camp		160
100 do	epidemia	45
4000 American hides 20lb,		34 rls.
1000 do	21lb	35
500 ox hides, narrow camp		43
1000 cow hides, do	do	37
500 calf skins		32
3000 do	Entre Rios	40
190 ox hides, salted saladero		38
2000 do	Paraguay	40½
1000 horse hides, salted		13¼ s rls
70 pipes mares' grease, from the rivers, $31½ without cask		

Montevideo Market.

From Montevideo we have had no news save that brought by the Villa del Salto, which is of a purely political character. The sales during the last fortnight have been as follows.

2200 mixed hides	$4	45 cts
2800 North American	4	40
4500 do narrow, for Havre	4	90 to 85
500 do, for Spain, wide	5	
800 do	5	10
500 do heavy for Marseilles	4	80
300 do Paraguay	5	10
250 calf	4	10
38 bales horse hair	16	20
10 bales hair from rivers	15	20
340 boxes tallow	2	60
400 arr lambs wool	2	80
100 pipes mares grease	1	30
400 horse hides, dry	1	35
300 tons bone ash	1	23 1/2

STOCK.

19,400 arr wool
2,500 horse hides
500 doz sheep skins
20,000 arr tallow
2000 salt ox hides
56 dry cow hides

MARITIME NEWS

ARRIVALS

17th.

Bordeux, French barque Union.

Montevideo, American barque Talisman.

SAILED

17th.

Rosaria, National steamer Pavon.

Uruguay ports, Oriental war steamer Villa del Salto

Montevideo, national steamer Libertad.

New York, Oldenburg brigantine Freia.

England, English brig Breeze.

VESSELS CLEARED.

Sept 17.

Italian schooner Libertad for Mvideo with 1702 dry ox and cow hides, 99 calf skins, 47 bundles of hair.

Brazilian bque Bedma for the Uruguay by Bossi with 50 empty pipes.

Hamburg schooner Ino for New York by Boyd with 293 bales wool. 3 do other skins, 700 dry ox and cow hides.

Brazilian schooner America del Sud for Carmelo by Pazot with 1400 cantillas of salt, 15 boxes of merchandize, 64 package do.

British brig Admiral Blake for England by Boyd with 3227 salted ox and cow hides, 175 pipes grease, 11 tons bones, 17376 horns, 15 fanegas of salt.

Spanish polacre Rosario for the Isle of Cuba by Martinez with 4500 quintals jerked beef, 250 boxes of tallow, 60 dry horse hides.

A. FERRER,
Custom House Broker, and General Commission Agent,
50 Calle Mayo, and Venezuela 290

Almanack.

September 19. St. Januarius.
Sun rises, 6.4; sets, 5.56.
Moon's first quarter, 9 39.

Auctions.

To day.

Ristorini, 205 Bolivar, bankrupt cigar shop

Cedeyra, 243 Rivadavia, miscellaneous

Off, Off, Off !

FOR MONTEVIDEO.

The celebrated fast sailing whaleboat 'Celeridad,' will leave here for the above Port [if no steamer sails] on Saturday, the 19th inst. at 3 P. M. letters [stamped] will be received up to the latest hour at the agency Paseo de Julio No. 39 each single letter 2$8 a supplementary mail will be taken for the Kepler.

GEORGE KEAN.

s 18 1p.

Buques para el interior de los Rios.

El que suscribe tiene constantemente buques de cabotaje, á la carga, para qualesquier punto de los Rios.

A. FERRER.

50 Mayo y Venezuela 290

Sheep.

Required a person, who may be inclined to put a capital of from 2000 to 3000 sheep on good camp, 40 leagues West of Buenos Ayres. Camp, care, and the usual expenses to be paid by the other party.

Apply to calle Independencia No 26, from 4 to 8 p.m.

For Sale.

The most splendid camps in this Province, North, South and centre, estancias in fee, and with [inleteus's] Government title, also sheep. Apply up stairs in Calle Rivadavia at No. 428, in the morning till 11 o'clock and in the afternoon from 4 o'clock upwards.

s 19 15 p.

Translations.

From the English, French, German, Italian and Portuguese, to the Spanish language Calle Peru No. 45.

s 19 6 p.

Wanted a situation.

By a respectable Englishman just arrived from Scotland as caretaker in an estancia, who is fully competent to take same as he fully understands the care of sheep and cattle &c, &c.

Apply W. B, Standard office.

6 6 s 18,

For San Antonio de Areco

MENSAGERIAS ARGENTINAS

Starts from Buenos Ayres Rivadavia street, 182, on the 1st, 6th, 11th, 16th, 21st, and 26th of each Month.

Starts from the Hotel and Boarding House in Areco for Buenos Ayres on the 5th, 10th, 15th, 20th, 25th, and 30th of each Month.

"Price of each Seat ... ... 120 dols.
Cargo per arr ... ... 20 "

Contractors and Owners,
PAUL AND REMULO DIAS.

NORTHERN RAILWAY.

Opening of the Station 25th of May in Paseo Julio.

Week Days.

LEAVES.	1st Train, a.m.	2nd Train, a.m.	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.
From 25 de Mayo	6	11	2	4 30
" the Retiro	8 15	11 15	2 15	4 45
" Belgrano	8 35	11 35	2 35	5 05
Arrives at los Olivos	8 50	11 50	2 50	5 20

RETURNS.	1st Train, a.m.	2nd Train, a.m.	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.
From los Olivos	9	12	3	5 30
" Belgrano	9 15	12 15	3 15	5 45
" the Retiro	9 35	12 35	3 35	6 05
Arrives at 25 de Mayo	9 50	12 50	3 50	6 20

Sundays and Holidays.

LEAVES.	1st Train, a.m.	2d Train, a.m.	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.	5th Train, p.m.	6th Train, p.m.
From 25 de Mayo	8	10	12	2	4	6
" del Retiro	8 15	10 15	12 15	2 15	4 15	6 15
" Belgrano	8 35	10 35	12 35	2 35	4 35	6 35
Arrives at Las Olivos	8 50	10 50	12 50	2 5	4 50	—

RETURNS.	1st Train, a.m.	2d Train, a.m.	3d Train, p.m.	4th Train, p.m.	5th Train, p.m.	6th Train, p.m.
From los Olivos	9	11	1	3	5	—
" Belgrano	9 15	11 15	1 15	3 15	5 15	6 45
" del Retiro	9 35	11 35	1 35	3 35	5 35	7 05
Arrives at 25 Mayo	9 50	11 50	1 50	3 50	5 50	7 20

The trains both going and coming stop at Rivadavia and Paermo.

The Administration

MOST IMPORTANT

DISCOVERY OF THE DAY

The Sheep-Farmers and the Public in general.

F. C. Calvert's Phenyline & Therebane's Sheep Salves

The great reputation these specifics have enjoyed in England on account of their extraordinary success in all cases where they have been applied, has induced the proprietor to induce them in this market on account of the immense sheep-farming interest of the country. To enable sheep-farmers to obviate in future the enormous losses they sustain yearly, not only in the deterioration of the Sheep, but also, as frequently happens, the lost of animal itself. It is a powerfull antiseptic, and he only asks a fair trial, feeling confident of the result. The following is a list of some of the uses to which these antheptics may be applied—

In Sheep—To cure maggots, footrot, scab, lice, tick.

In Horses—Canker in the feet, grease, quittor, a cangrenous wounds or ulcers, cracked heels, mange &c

Cows; do cures, and all diseases of the hoofs

For wounds or bruises resulting from accident and for all general Veterinary purposes these remedies are sure. Pheyline is found remarkably successful in the Hospitals, in England for curing Cancer. Therebane is also used for preserving hides, skins and bones from all vermin and insects, the parcels already cured with it in this city and Australia have merited the approval of purchasers in England who report them to be perfectly sound and sweet. The leather made from the hides is also declared to be superior in every respect.

Sole Agents in Buenos Ayres—
HESS BROTHERS AND Co.
Calle Chacabuco No. 61,
WESTON AND Co.
Recoba Vieja No. 38,

Who have on hand a suply of both articles in bottles of two pounds each. Also Sheep Salve, which has proved to be an infallible remedy.

Wanted,

A Cook and Housemaid apply to Mrs. Jacob's 65 San Martin. s17 3p

Rica pasa de uva de Mendoza.

El que suscribe tiene á venta una gran cantidad de este articulo (mas ó menos 700 cajones,) se puede tambien vender en lotes muy chicos

El que se interese pu de ocurri á D A. Ferrer, á la calle del 25 de Mayo, núm, 50

Wanted,

A Situation by an active young Man either as Coachman, or on an Estancia. Address 'John,' Standard Office.

s 16 3 p

Lost $500 Reward.

A White Bull-Terrier Bitch. This is the highest Reward that will be offered. To be taken to the Hotel de Provence, No. 30.

16 3 p

A Situation Wanted

By a respectable Englishwoman, as Upper Nurse in an English Family. Good character given, if required. Address O. R. Standard office.

12 s

IRELAND.

DRAFTS PAYABLE AT ANY OF THE UNDERMENTIONED BRANCHES OF

THE NATIONAL BANK.

CAN BE OBTAINED FROM

WANKLYN & Co.

No. 98, Calle de San Martin.

Athlone	Limerick
Athy	Lismore
Ballina	Listowel
Ballinasloe	Longford
Boyle	Loughrea
Carlow	Macroom
Carrickmacross	Mallow
Carrick-on-suir	Middleton
Cashel	Mitchelstown
Castlerea	Moate
Charleville	Mountmellick
Clonakilty	Mullingar
Clonmel	Nenagh
Cork	Newcastle
Dublin	County Limerick
Dungarvan	New Ross
Ennis	Rathkeale
Enniscorthy	Roscommon
Fermoy	Roscrea
Galway	Thurles
Kanturk	Tipperary
Kells	Tralee
Kilkenny	Tuam
Killarney	Waterford
Kilrush	Wexford
Kingstown	Wicklow

Wet Nurse.

A strong healthy Basque woman whose baby has just died offers herself as a wet nurse, rearing the child in her own house. She can give the very best testimonials. Apply 350 Moreno. s17 3p.

To Let.

Fine airy rooms to rent furnished or unfurnished. Apply calle de Potosi, 162.

Wanted.

An experienced man servant, as butler. Apply 329 Rivadavia.

s 14 6 p

Wanted.

A first rate cook, (female) must come well recommended. Apply 329 Rivadavia.

s 14 6 p.

REMATES.

Por Federico Silva.

En su casa Potosi num 121, de comestibles y bebidas.

El miercoles 23 del corriente á las 11 en punto de la mañana, á la mas alta postura y condiciones que se estipularán en el acto del Remate se venderá precisamente en completo surtido de articulos nobles cuyo pormenor es el siguiente: 35 mil cigarras Suizos, 100 mil id. Hambuguezes, 35 bolsas maniz fresco, 25 bolsas parotos genoveses, 20 bolsas maniz, 60 Cajones aj ñeja Suizo lejitimo, 36 cajones mostaza francesa, 50 torros dulce de peras en caldo, 30 barricas azucar de Havre, 25 id id tercinda, 18 id. id. de 1 a 18 id id. quebrada, 29 bordalesas rira vino frances 56 cajones vino para mesa Sto Julien, 5 pipas caña alambicada, 30 cajones cofite frances, 100 ab dulce membrillo, 40 bolsas arroz de la India, 20 cajones de on Norte Americano, 80 cajones almid n Norte Americano, 40 barricas coñac frances, 20 id id ingles, 50 bolsas harina del pais, 60 barricas id Norte Americana, 70 las quitas g a l..e marca China, 50 id. id. marca Leon de Horlanda; y muchos otros articulos que estarán á la vista.

Por Mariano Billinghurst.

De la hermosa Quinta de recreo conocida por del finado Sr Bunge situada en la Loma, a que desciende al bajo de Portela en seguida de la Quinta del Sr. Dn. Daniel Gowland.

El Domingo 20 del cte. á las 12 en punto del dia se ha de rematar sin falta alguna á la mas alta postura y dinero de contado en un solo lote la espresada quinta, que se compone de una cuadra de frente por cuatro cuadras de fondo, 12 habitaciones de techo de teja, 3 de azotea, y 2 de zinc, todos los pisos de baldozas empapeladas y con estufas, con grandes corredores. Las frutas son variadisimas y de lo mas rico, damascos y damascos pelones, duraznos, limones, naranjos un hermoso rutillar, toda zanjeada y cerco de ñapunday y pita; 1½ cuadra de alfalfares situada en una callina plateresca, portones de fierro, sin árbolos de adorno, tiene calles de paraisos, aromas del pais y franceses mas de mil varas de arrayan, cochera, caballeriza para ocho caballos, palomar, pileta de riego, y cuanta comodidad puede desearse para residir en ella todo el año. El dia del remate partiran carruages de casa del Retatador Potosi No 70 desde las 10½ hasta las 11½ para conducir á los concurrentes, citadores y alli habra con que obsequiarlos. Son varias las familias respetables que viven en aquella reciedad todo otoño,

COMMISSION & STEAM-BOAT AGENCY OFFICE,

WM. MATTI & CO.

30—CANGALLO—36.

For MONTEVIDEO.—The LIBERTAD leaves every Wednesday and Saturday at 5 p.m. in the Afternoon; returns Tuesdays and Saturdays.

For ROSARIO and Intermediate Ports.—The PAVON leaves every Thursday and Sunday at Twelve o'Clock, Noon; returns every Wednesday and Saturday.

For PARANA and Intermediate Ports.—The DOLOROITAS leaves Rosario every Friday, two hours after arrival of the Pavon.

For SALTO and Intermediate Ports.—The Salto leaves every Thursday Morning at Ten o'Clock, returning every Monday, on which day she leaves for Montevideo at Five p.m.

For CORRIENTES and Intermediate Ports.—The ESPIGADOR leaves Rosario on Tuesday, 15th September, after arrival of the Pavon, and returns on Friday, the 25th inst.

For CUYABA and Intermediate Ports.—The MARQUES DE OLINDA leaves on Friday, 18th September, inst.

For BAHIA, BLANCA, and PATAGONES—The CORRIENTES will leave on the 15th September.

Rates from Buenos Ayres.

To Montevideo, 8 Pats.; San Pedro, 8; Zarate, 4; Obligado, 10; Los Hermanos, 12; San Nicolas, 12; Rosario, 16; Nueva Palmyra, 6; Fray Bentos, 9; Concepcion, 13; Paysandu, 14; Corcordia, 17; Corrientes, 60; Asuncion, 80; Corumba, 14. Deck or Steerage, half the above.

From Rosario

San Lorenzo, 2 Pats.; Diamante, 4; Santa Fe, 6; Parana, 8. Deck or Steerage half the foregoing.

WILLIAM MATTI AND CO.,
30 CANGALLO.

THE ARGENTINE MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY

Established in this City, insure at moderate premiums all risks by sea, or on the rivers.

Office—Calle Reconquista 83!

DIRECTORS.

Sr. Don Thomas Armstrong, President,
" " Enrique Ochoa, Vice-President.
" " Felipe Llauallol.
" " Manuel Zumaran.
" " Jacobo Paravicini.
" " Enrique Tomkinson.
" " Mariano Casares.
" " Francisco F. Moreno, Gerente.

SAUNDERS & KEYSER,
ENGINEERS, MILLWRIGHTS, SMITHS, &c.
117—PASEO DE JULIO—117.
BUENOS AYRES.

JAMES SAUNDERS begs to announce to the public that he entered into Partnership with ALBERT KEYSER, in the above business, at the premises formerly occupied by Mr Thomas Moore, and lately in possession of J. Saunders.

Wool presses, cranes, ant destroying machine with stretchers or screws, of a superior quality for erecting wire fences; wire tudeos, &c., horse power chain pumps of camp and chacra purposes, simple and complete; steam engines, ship smith work in general and all kinds of machinery, repaired at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

The great share of patronage which he has enjoyed since commencing business is the best assurance he can give his friends of promptness and fidelity in the execution of all orders entrusted to him; and with his view he has taken as partner an active and experienced man of business who will assist him in his important profession.

Land On Sale.

Two or 4 square leagues in the South on the other side of the Salado river.

6 leagues in the South, first class camps.

1 league in the West, distant 30 leagues from this city.

1 estancia in the South, good camps, 3000 head of cattle, 9000 sheep, 900 manos, 40 horses.

Near Moron 1 chacra with more than 60 cuadras; in Corrientes, 10 square leagues, superior camps with 2 ports on the Paraná.

In the Banda Oriental a small camp at cheap price &c. &c.

Apply to Mr. Cornac, Broker from 8 to 10 55 Calle Tucuman or from 12 to 3 in the Bolsa.

NOTICE.

Passengers who came per "Raymond" from Dublin, and who signed Bills for part of their passage-money, which Bills bear Interest from the date on which they fell due, are requested with as little delay as possible to send in the amounts, otherwise I shall be obliged to take steps to recover them.

Terence Curran
75 Calle San Martin.



Country Residence.

A fine suite of Rooms, Papered and with Boarded Floors, also Stable, Coach-house, and every convenience for a small family, to let, at the Quinta of the late Admiral Brown, one square from Calle Bolivar. The situation is healthy and attractive and highly suitable, for parties who intend to pass the summer in the suburbs.

Apply on the premises, or at this Office. s 16

Building Plots.

Fine Plots, 150 yards deep, and with whatever frontage may be required to be sold on moderate terms. The locality is excellent, being adjacent to the Brittain property, Calle Defensa.

Apply at the Quinta of the late Admiral Brown.

s16 lm

Flour for Family Use.

The best Superior Flour for Sale, in bags of 4, 5, 6, 7, and 8 arrobas each, to be f und at the ANDES MILLS, BALCARSE-STREET, No 186.
16 s, 16

GENERAL STEAM BOAT AGENCY OFFICE
89—*Calle Reconquista*—89.
E. D. RISSO.

FOR MONTEVIDEO.—The MENAY leaves every Monday and Wednesday at 5 o'clock in the afternoon; returning every Wednesday and Sunday. Fares 8 and 4 pats.

FOR COLONIA & CARMELO.—The CAAGUAZU leaves for Colonia every Tuesday at 12 o'clock, and for Colonia and Carmelo every Saturday at 8 o'clock. Returns from Colonia every Thursday at 4, and from Colonia and Carmelo every Monday at 5 o'clock. Fares to Colonia 4 patacones, to Carmelo 5 do.

FOR SALTO and Intermediate Ports—The GUALEGUAY leaves every Sunday and returns every Friday. Fares to Nueva Palmira 6 patacones, Fray Bentos 9, Concepcion 13 Paysandu 14, Concordia and Salto 18 do.

For freights, tickets, &c., apply at the Agency office.

E. D. RISSO,
89—*Reconquista*—89.

STEAM TO
LIVERPOOL AND GLASGOW.

SOUTH AMERICAN STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

The splendid English Steamer, registered, A 1

"SICILIA"—CAPTAIN SEDGWICK.

1125 tons and 390 horse power, left Liverpool for Montevideo and this port (calling at Rio Janeyro) August 8th, and is daily expected to arrive. Immediately after discharging cargo she will take freight for the above named ports, at cheap rates. She will also receive passengers for Montevideo, Rio Janeyro, Liverpool, and Glasgow. Excellent treatment and accommodation for 1st, 2nd, and 3d classes. She carries an experienced Surgeon.

The date of sailing will shortly be advertised.

For particulars of freight or passage, apply to the agent,

STEPHEN D. RISSO,
89 CALLE RECONQUISTA.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,

61 CORRIENTES 61

Now ready for inspection, an extensive and unequalled display of the newest and most fashionable Spring and Summer Goods for Ladies, Misses, Children, and Infants, suited for both TOWN and COUNTRY buyers; also an immense quantity of articles adapted for EVERY SEASON. The extent of this Stock precludes the possibility of enumerating in an advertisement its infinite variety, which will be further augmented during the Summer Months, by a succession of arrivals, by steamer, of the choicest Goods selected by the Agents of this house from the London and Paris markets.

HOSIERY, UNDER CLOTHING, &c., FOR GENTLEMEN,

Fresh supplies of superior London made BOOTS and SHOES for Ladies and Children, received MONTHLY.

ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT,

61—CORRIENTES—61

Opened 1861, expressly to supply Town and Country purchasers with the *best* Goods at *moderate prices.*

THE ENGLISH DRAPERY ESTABLISHMENT OF

BUENOS AYRES.

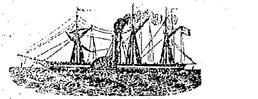
PATRICK GALBRAITH,

Successor to

WILLIAM GIBSON,

49 and 51—Calle Defensa—49 and 51.

THE RIVER PLATE STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.



LA PLATA, URUGUAY, SALADO. PARANA, PARAGUAY,

It is intended to despatch one of the above Steamers every Month from LIVERPOOL to MONTEVIDEO and BUENOS AYRES direct, without calling at any intermediate ports. The Steamer for the 10th August is the

LA PLATA,

Of 1,165 Tons Register, R. O. UPTON, Commander.

This steamer is expected to arrive between the 10th and 15th instant, and will be dispatched for Liverpool direct, calling at Montevideo within 30 days after her arrival; the exact day to be duly announced.

Homeward cargo will be received within 48 hours after her arrival at this port, and engagements will be made to deliver cargo at any port of the United Kingdom or the Continent, and through Bills of Lading signed accordingly.

The object of this Company being to facilitate and extend the present trade between the River Plate and Europe, the rates of freight and passage money will be fixed on a very reduced scale, the former subject to special arrangement, and the latter to be announced after the arrival of the Steamer.

These Steamers have superior accommodation for passengers, and the treatment on board will in every respect be equal to that of other existing lines.

Parcels and Specie will be received on board up to the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars apply to

HENRY A. GREEN AND CO.,
No. 83 RECONQUISTA.

WESTERN RAILWAY.

On and after September 15th, the trains will start as follows:

WEEK-DAYS.

DISTANCE kilometros.	ESTACIONES.	SALIDAS DE LOS TRENES 1°	2°	3°	4°	5°	ESTACIONES.	REGRESOS. 1°	2°	3°	4°	5°
......	Parque	7	10	1	4-30	5-30	Moreno	6-30	9-30	1-30	6	......
2,703	11 de Setiembre	7-10	10-10	1-10	4-10	5-40	Merlo	6-40	9-40	1-40	6-10	......
4	Almagro	7-15	10-15	1-15	4-15	5-45	Moron	7	10	2	6-30	7-30
6,337	Caballito	7-20	10-20	1-20	4-50	5-50	San Martin	7-15	10-15	2-15	6-45	7-45
7,013	Flores	7-25	10-25	1-25	4-55	5-55	Floresta	7-30	10-30	2-30	7	8
9,607	Floresta	7-30	10-30	1-30	5	6	Flores	7-35	10-35	2-35	7-5	8-5
17,015	San Martin	7-45	10-45	1-45	5-15	6-15	Caballito	7-40	10-40	2-40	7-10	8-10
23,[illegible]	Moron	8	11	2	5-30	6-30	Almagro	7-45	10-45	2-45	7-15	8-15
37,00[illegible]	Merlo	8-20	11-20	2-20	......	6-50	11 de Setiembre	7-50	10-50	2-50	7-20	8-20
40	Moreno	8-30	11-30	2-30	......	7	Parque	8	11	3	7-30	8-30

HOLIDAYS. (1)

ESTACIONES.	SALIDAS DE LOS TRENES 1°	2°	3°	4°	5°	6°	ESTACIONES.	REGRESOS. 1°	2°	3°	4°	5°	6°
Parque	7	8	10	12	2	4	Moreno	7-30	9-30	11-30	1-30	3-30	5-30
11 de Setiembre	7-10	8-10	10-10	12-10	2-10	4-10	Merlo	7-40	9-40	11-40	1-40	3-40	5-40
Almagro	7-15	8-15	10-15	12-15	2-15	4-15	Moron	8	10	12	2	4	6
Caballito	7-20	8-20	10-20	12-20	2-20	4-20	San Martin	8-15	10-15	12-15	2-15	4-15	6-15
Flores	7-25	8-25	10-25	12-25	2-25	4-25	Floresta	8-30	10-30	12-30	2-20	4-30	6-30
Floresta	7-30	8-30	10-30	12-30	2-30	4-30	Flores	8-35	10-35	12-35	2-35	4-35	6-35
San Martin	7-45	8-45	10-45	12-45	2-45	4-45	Caballito	8-40	10-40	12-40	2-40	4-40	6-40
Moron	8	9	11	1	3	5	Almagro	8-45	10-45	12-45	2-45	4-45	6-45
Merlo	8-20	9-20	11-20	1-20	3-20	5-20	11 de Setiembre	8-50	11-50	12-50	2-50	4-50	6-50
Moreno	8-30	9-30	11-30	1-30	3-30	5-30	Parque	9	11	1	3	5	7-10

(1) En los dias feriados el precio de los boletos para las estaciones intermedias, será el mismo que los demas dias, es decir, 8 pesos los de primera y 4 los de segunda.

LA ADMINISTRACION.

NOTICE EXTRAORDINARY!!!

UNPRECEDENTED REDUCTION IN THE PRICES OF

KEROSENE LAMPS AND OIL.

GREAT EMPORIUM OF LIGHT

59 CALLE FLORIDA 59

The undersigned beg leave to announce that having received an immense accession to their already complete Stock of Kerosene Lamps, and wishing to place the same within the reach of every one, they have made a

Reduction of more than one half of their former Prices for

KEROSENE LAMPS,

Which will hereafter be positively offered

AT NEW YORK PRICES,

And they would now invite particularly the attention of the Public to their

Exceedingly Low Prices,

As well as their vast and magnificent assortment of

LAMPS AND FIXTURES,

Which for

Variety of style,
Beauty of design,
Richness of finish,
Magnitude and
Completeness,

Is in every respect unrivalled in South America, embracing every variety from the plainest to the most ornate patterns, and ranging in price from

$8 TO 300 DOLLARS,

Comprising all the latest and most desirable styles of Hand, Stand, Suspension and Bracket Lamps,

Parlor Lamps,
Hall Lamps.
Gallery Lamps,
Sitting-room Lamps,
Dining-room Lamps,
Chamber Lamps,
Kitchen Lamps,

Store Lamps,
Office Lamps,
Hotel Lamps,
Theatre Lamps,
Billiard-room Lamps
Railroad Lamps,
Steamboat Lamps;

Magnificent Chandelier of two, three, four, six and seven lights,

Splendid Lanterns, with powerful Silvered Glass Reflectors of three leagues range, for Estancia, Railroad, and Steamboat use; Glass Cones, Patent Insulators, transparent Shades, Lamp Trimmers, Globes, Chimneys, Wick, &c., &c., and every article pertaining to the business.

GENUINE ALBERT COAL

KEROSENE OIL

AT REDUCED PRICES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Manufactured expressly for the Emporium of Light. Experience in this country as well as in the United States and Europe has proved this oil to be, on account of its

Purity and Cleanliness,
Safety and duration,
Steadiness and brilliancy of light,

UNEQUALLED AND WITHOUT RIVAL.

For Sale.

5000 first class mestiza sheep in excellent condition, near Moron; 4000 same class and condition, near the Magdalena; and 2000 very superior, near the Azul, Also from 750 to 1500 cattle, in good condition for travelling near the Magdalena.

For further particulars apply at No. 475 calle Victoria up stairs

WELLS BECKHAUS & Co.

"Hotel Flambeau"

Calle Chacabuco fronting old market.

The owner of this establishment has the honor to notify his friends in the camp, that he has recently made the greatest improvement in his hotel. A splendid new *Comedor* or dining room he has erected for the sole use of his English and Irish friends from the camp, breakfast 9, dinner 5 P. M, charges the same as usual. The proprietor only aspires to making his friends confortable and the public satisfied

Buenos Ayres July 30 1863.

HENRY VIGNOLES,
Proprietor.

J 31 x.

Caution
COLLARD AND COLLARD'S

PIANOFORTES.

It having been intimated to Messrs. Collard and Collard, manufacturers of Piano Fortes in London, that a great number of Counterfeit Piano Fortes purporting to be made by them, have been and continue to be sold in various parts of South America, they find it necessary in justice to their reputation to announce thus publicly that all Piano Fortes of their manufacture are accompanied by a certificate authenticity containing a full description of the instrument consequently all Piano Fortes, sold without that certificate "after this date" may be considered as counterfeit, and any information may be obtained on the subject by reference either to the makers or to Messrs. Hess Brothers and Co. No. 61 calle Carabuco, or to Weston and Co. Recoba Vieja No. 58, Buenos Ayres sole Agents, who have on hand a choice assortment of Instruments carefully selected and which for economy in price, elegance of design, perfection of touch and tone, solidity of construction with the utmost possible maintaining power of standing in tune cannot be surpassed.

Wanted,

A young Man as Assistant at the English Drapery Establishment, 61 Corrientes.

s 16 6 p

Agricultural Implements

Received directly from the United States per Annawan and Ellen Hood.

These Articles will be sold at Moderate Prices.

Ploughs, No. 18
Do., Eagle, A
Do., A 2
Do., B
Do., D
Do., O
Corn Shellers, One and Two Wheels
Corn Mills
Fan Mills
Corn Planters
Harrows, 18 and 22 Teeth
Cultivators, expansive
Do. on Horse Hoes
Churns
Wheelbarrows
Meat-cutting Machines,
Sausage Stuffers
Plough Shares, &c.

CALLE PIEDAD, No. 261.

(Merceria del "Globo Verde," Almacen Adentro.
Orders will be attended to in the following country towns:—Villa de Mercedes, D. Natalio Roldan, Chivilcoy, Roldan y Villarroel, Dolores, D. Salvador Comingez.
Aug 18 1 m

Briton and Medical General (Incorporated with the Unity General.)

Life Assurance association chief offices West strand London wc, Capital 3,000,000.£ sterling. Propositions for life assurance are received and immediate attention paid to the same. A prospectus of rates and other particulars will be furnished on application to the company's agent in this city.

George Wilks
—7 Calle Mayo 7—

No more Scab in Sheep.

The most valuable Specific patented by the Superior Government is to be had at the General Deposit calle Buen Orden 266 Almacen del 2 de Bastos.

One arroba of this specific suffices to cure 800 to 1000 animals, many certificates prove that it is the cheapest and most efficacious remedy of all known.

Its discovery has occasionally an entire revolution not only in curing the Scab in Sheep but also every similar disease in all domestic animals.

The only deposit in town 266 calle Buen Orden, Almacen del 2 de Bastos, and at the Puerto del Tuyo, Rincon de Ajo and establishment of Carlos Geyer.

Imported Leather

Messrs. True and Millard have removed their leather store from 418 Piedad to 135 Cangallo half a square from Florida.

They receive monthly from Europe, the very choicest selection of manufactured leathers, and offer to their customers the best description of this class of goods to be found in the River Plate.

Buenos Ayres, July 7th 1863.

True & Millard.
135—Calle Cangallo—135.

For Antwerp direct.

Expected daily from Montevideo, where she has received a large portion of her cargo, the magnificent and clipper Belgian barque

"MERCATOR"

3/3 A II., 647 Tons Register,

Captain Gombeer.

This fine vessel has already 7/8 of her cargo engaged, and ready for shipment immediately on her arrival at this port. Can still engage a few Dry Hides and Bales, and will have quick dispatch.

For further particulars please apply to

CHAS. WM. BENN & CO.,
Ship Brokers, &c.,
No. 40 Calle 25 de Mayo.

Steam Engines for Sale.

One 14 horse power highly finished portable Steam Engine, on four wheels; the cylinder 10½ inches in diameter by 15 inches stroke, with solid brass eccentric straps, and "Salter's patent" spring balance guage, complete with multitubular boiler, containing 51 3 inch patent wrought iron tubes 6 feet 8 inches long, with extra large firebox, having water space all round, with two pairs shafts, and turned cast iron fly wheel.

One superior Horizontal High-pressure Stationary Steam Engine, Cylinder 10½ inches diameter by 18 inches stroke, height available iron crank, crank shaft connecting rod and crosshead, complete with throttle and regulating valves, governor feed pump, cocks, &c., and all the necessary steam pipe; fly wheel 8 feet diameter; all on massive cast iron bed plate, with boiler complete.

Can be seen at Mr. Marshall's Yard, Barracas.

Apply to Sample, Drysdale and Co., 31 Calle Chacabuco.

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